

DANGER

DANGER: MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED, INHALED, OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. DO NOT GET IN EYES. ON SKIN OR ON CLOTHING, CAUSES DELAYED CHEMICAL BURNS. DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. AVOID BREATHING VAPOR, SPRAY MIST, OR DUST. USE WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER SKIN CONTACT. AND BEFORE EATING, DRINKING, USE OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS, OR USING RESTROOMS.

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
IF SWALLOWED: CALL A PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENTER.
IF SKIN CONTACT: WASH IMMEDIATELY WITH WATER.

IF ON SCAF: WASH WITH PLENTY OF SOAP AND WATER. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

IF INHALED: REMOVE VICTIM TO FRESH AIR. GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION OR OXYGEN IF NECESSARY. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

IF IN EYES: FLUSH WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

[illegible][illegible]

holders who naturally grow timber select near *ozone* and *hemlock*. Individuals who are grassland owners *ozone* and other equipment that is contaminated with wood preservative including *pg*-*ozone* that is a question of use and size of the treatment. Individuals must wear protective clothing including masks, gloves, and boots. Individuals to the wood treatment business and a specialist.

THE USE BY HAS BEEN DETERMINED THAT PENTACHLOROBENZENE CAN PRODUCE DEFECTS IN THE PRODUCTION OF LABORATORY ANIMALS. EXPOSURE TO PENTACHLOROBENZENE DURING INCUBATION SHOULD BE AVOIDED.

COMBUSTIBLE. DO NOT USE OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME. IN CASE OF FIRE, USE WATER SPRAY, FOAM, CO₂ OR DRY CHEMICAL. PLANTS OR SHRUBS SHOULD BE REMOVED WITHIN 3 FEET OF TREATMENT OR PROTECTED WITH TARP PAPER. TREATED SAW DUST AND OTHER WOOD WASTE SHOULD NOT COME IN CONTACT WITH DOMESTIC ANIMALS OR BE USED SO THEY MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH USEFUL WILDLIFE PLANTS.

PROTECT AGAINST TERMITES, WOOD-ROTTING FUNGI, LYCTUS POWDER POST BEETLES AND OTHER WOOD DEGRADING ORGANISMS.

RESTRICTED USE
FOR SALE TO INDIVIDUALS BY OTHERS ONLY

FOR SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATIONS OR BY PERSONS UNDER THEIR SUPERVISION AND ONLY FOR THOSE USERS COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATIONS CERTIFICATION.

PENICILLIN G	34%
OTHER CHLOROPY-ENOLS	8%
INERT INGREDIENTS	50%
TOTAL	100%

TOTAL 100%

張

FOR COMMERCIAL USE ONLY

KING SERVICES, INC.
10611A ARMIN DRIVE, SUITE 402
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77036

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THE USE OF P, 1, 1, 1-TRIFLUORO-2, 2, 4-TRICHLORO-5-CLORO-4-NITROBENZENE, HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS "THE PRODUCT," IN THE MANUFACTURE OR FORMULATION OF OTHER PESTICIDE PRODUCTS OR PACKAGING OF THE PRODUCT, IS PROHIBITED. THE REGISTRANT HAS COMPLIED WITH ALL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE REGISTRATION GOVERNING THE COMPOSITION OF THIS PRODUCT AS APPROVED BY THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY UNDER SECTION 3 OF THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE ACT, FUNDICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of waste.

This product is intended for exterior use.

This product is for use only by certified applicators or by persons under their supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

This product is not intended for home and farm use.

This product must not be used for pressure or dip treating logs used in the construction of homes except laminated beams or building components which are in ground contact and are subject to decay or insect infestation and where two coats of an appropriate sealer are applied. Urethanes, olefins, latex, epoxy, enamel and varnish are acceptable sealers for pentachlorophenol treated wood.

These wood products are made on dry, open decks. And one point on Lake Erie—40 to 100 parts of ball, benzene, or other hydrocarbon with the desired volatility, and mix well. Treat wood members as outlined elsewhere below. Pressure treatment in a commercial pressure facility allows for the attainment of proper retention and penetration levels and releases the treated wood products suitable for ground contact.

to protect dry and/or seasoned lumber, timbers, posts, poles and other wooden members before construction and before placing in contact with the soil. The wood should be treated in a commercial vessel capable of physically (by pressure, temperature or time) impregnating the wood and providing adequate penetration and retention. If a preservative or stain is used as the treating preservative, treat for 12 to 48 hours or until effective retention and penetration has been achieved.

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

- Avoid high temperatures above 80 degrees Fahrenheit.
- Do not combine with other materials.
- Wear gloves, goggles and protective clothing when handling.
- Contaminant areas are required. Observe all safety precautions.
- Do not mix with other pesticides or preservatives.

**DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER, FOOD OR FEED
BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL.**

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of insect pesticides, spray mixtures, or wastes is a

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of insect pesticides, spray mixtures, or wastes is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes are not to be disposed of by you according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Enforcement Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Right name or equivalent and either for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other approved bulk and load procedures.

Canada Federal, State and Local Authorities for reported alternative procedures.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that this product conforms to the ingredient statement on the label. Since conditions of use, such as weather, compatibility with other chemicals and condition of application equipment, will vary, seller makes no claims other than those stated on this label.

ORIGINAL ORIGINAL

#50 Pentachlorophenol Pressure-Treated Wood

Consumer Information

This wood has been preserved by pressure treatment with an EPA-registered pesticide containing pentachlorophenol to protect it from insect attack and decay. Wood treated with pentachlorophenol should be used only where such protection is important.

Pentachlorophenol penetrates deeply into and remains in the pressure-treated wood for a long time. Exposure to pentachlorophenol may present certain hazards. Therefore, the following precautions should be taken both when handling the treated wood and in determining where to use and dispose of the treated wood.

Handling Precautions

Dispose of treated wood by ordinary trash collection or burial. Treated wood should not be burned in open fires or in stoves, fireplaces, or residential boilers because toxic chemicals may be produced as part of the smoke and ashes. Treated wood from commercial or industrial use (e.g., construction sites) may be burned only in commercial or industrial incinerators or boilers rated at 20 million BTU/hour or greater heat input or its equivalent in accordance with state and Federal regulations.

Avoid frequent or prolonged inhalation of sawdust from treated wood. When sawing and machining treated wood, wear a dust mask. Whenever possible, these operations should be performed outdoors to avoid indoor accumulations of airborne sawdust from treated wood.

Avoid frequent or prolonged skin contact with pentachlorophenol-treated wood; when handling the treated wood, wear long-sleeved shirts and long pants and use gloves impervious to the chemicals (for example, gloves that are vinyl-coated).

When power-sawing and machining, wear goggles to protect eyes from flying particles.

After working with the wood, and before eating, drinking, and use of tobacco products, wash exposed areas thoroughly.

If oily preservatives or sawdust accumulate on clothes, launder before reuse. Wash work clothes separately from other household clothing.

Urethane, shellac, latex epoxy enamel and varnish are acceptable sealers for pentachlorophenol-treated wood.

Use Site Precautions

Logs treated with pentachlorophenol should not be used for log homes.

Wood treated with pentachlorophenol should not be used where it will be in frequent or prolonged contact with bare skin (for example, chairs and other outdoor furniture), unless an effective sealer has been applied.

Pentachlorophenol-treated wood should not be used in residential, industrial, or commercial interiors except for laminated beams or building components which are in ground contact and are subject to decay or insect infestation and where two coats of an appropriate sealer are applied. Sealers may be applied at the installation site.

Wood treated with pentachlorophenol should not be used in the interiors of farm buildings where there may be direct contact with domestic animals or livestock which may crib (bite) or lick the wood.

In interiors of farm buildings where domestic animals or livestock are unlikely to crib (bite) or lick the wood, pentachlorophenol-treated wood may be used for building components which are in ground contact and are subject to decay or insect infestation and where two coats of an appropriate sealer are applied. Sealers may be applied at the installation site.

Do not use pentachlorophenol-treated wood for farrowing or brooding facilities.

Do not use treated wood under circumstances where the preservative may become a component of food or animal feed. Examples of such sites would be structures or containers for storing silage or food.

Do not use treated wood for cutting boards or countertops.

Only treated wood that is visibly clean and free of surface residue should be used for patios, decks and walkways.

Do not use treated wood for construction of those portions of beehives which may come into contact with the honey.

Pentachlorophenol-treated wood should not be used where it may come into direct or indirect contact with public drinking water, except for uses involving incidental contact such as docks and bridges.

Do not use pentachlorophenol-treated wood where it may come into direct or indirect contact with drinking water for domestic animals or livestock, except for uses involving incidental contact such as docks and bridges.